

For *in vitro* diagnostic use.

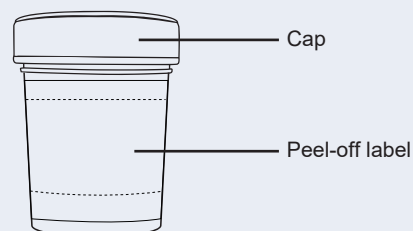
For medical and other professional *in vitro* diagnostic use.

For detailed instructions, read the Instructions For Use.

Materials Provided

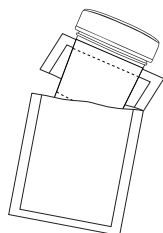
- Test Devices (individually sealed in foil pouch)
- Specimen Validity/Adulteration Color Card (if applicable)
- Procedure Card
- Instructions For Use
- Disposable Gloves
- Security seal labels

Store in a dry place at temperatures between 2-30°C (36-86°F)



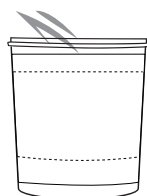
Read the Instructions For Use before testing.

1



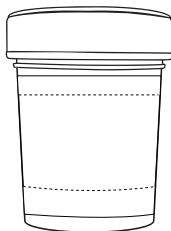
Remove the test device from the sealed pouch. If required by your process, write the donor's name or ID on the label in the provided space.

2



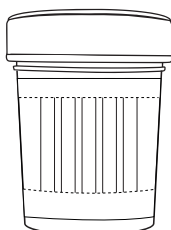
Open the test cup lid. Urinate directly into the test cup. Be sure to fill the test cup with the urine specimen between a minimum of 30mL to a maximum of 110mL (marked on the cup).

3



After the urine specimen has been collected, close the lid securely and return the cup to a collection official.

4



The collection official should peel off the label to reveal the test result(s).

5



5 minutes

Read the results at 5 minutes. Do not interpret the result before 5 minutes or after 30 minutes.

Note: Negative test results can be interpreted as soon as the Control lines appear and there are visible Test lines which usually occurs within 1 minute. Positive drug screen test results should be read at 5 minutes. All results remain stable for 30 minutes.

Interpretation of results:

NEGATIVE: * Two lines appear. One red line should be in the control region (C), and another red or pink line should be adjacent to the test region (Drug/T). This negative result indicates there is no drug in the specimen, or the drug is present but below the cutoff concentration of the test.

***NOTE:** The shade of red in the test line region (Drug/T) may vary, but it should be considered negative whenever there is even a faint pink line.

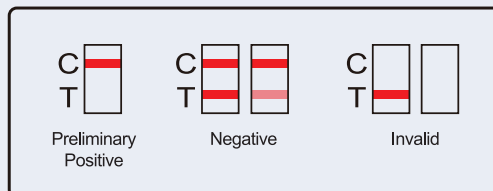
PRELIMINARY POSITIVE: One red line appears in the control region (C). No line appears in the test region (Drug/T). This preliminary positive result indicates the specimen may contain the drug at a concentration above the cutoff level of the test.

IMPORTANT: A positive result on a drug screen is called preliminary for a reason. A more specific alternative chemical method should be used to obtain a confirmed presumptive positive result if the donor doesn't admit use or anytime required by testing procedures.

INVALID: Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the test procedure and repeat the test using a new test device. If the problem persists, discontinue using the lot immediately and contact Technical Service at 1-866-982-3818.

Note: There is no meaning attributed to line color intensity or width of test lines.

A preliminary positive test result does not always indicate that the donor took illegal drugs, and a negative test result does not always indicate the donor did not take illegal drugs. There are several factors that influence the reliability of drug tests. Certain drug tests are more accurate than others.



For Adulterant Interpretation:

Semiquantitative results are obtained by visually comparing the reacted color blocks on the strip to the printed color blocks on the color chart.

Please refer to the color card provided in this kit for adulteration result interpretation. Read adulteration test pads at 2 minutes.

If the result indicates adulteration, do not interpret the drug test results. Either retest the urine or collect another specimen.

| | Normal | Abnormal |
|------|--------|----------|
| OXI | | |
| SG | | |
| pH | | |
| NIT | | |
| GLUT | | |
| CREA | | |



For Symbol Index, refer to Instructions of Use.

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Hours of Operation: Monday-Friday 8:00AM – 5:00PM Eastern Time